General specifications

Description Cylindrical Li-ion NCA Rechargeable cell

Model UNCA18650-34MP

3350 mAh **Rated Capacity**

Min. Capacity 3250 mAh

Platform Voltage 3.60 V

Standard Charging CC-CV, Std.0.2C₅, 4.2 V,

Note: C5, nominal capacity cut-off at $1/50C_5$, 8.0 h 25 °C ± 2°C 0.2 C_5

Charging current (max.) 0-10 °C: 0.2C₅

10-45 °C: 0.5C₅

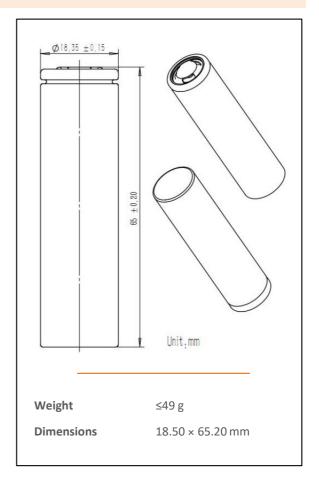
Standard Discharging CC, 0.2C₅ (cut-off at 2.5 V)

Discharging current 1C₅ (Continuous discharge)

(max., 25 °C) 3C₅ (Pulse discharge)

AC Impedance (AC 1 kHz) $\leq 40 \text{ m}\Omega$

Cycle life 500th cycle > 80% of 1st cycle capacity



 $0.2 C_5 = 100\%$ Discharge characteristics (by rate of discharge) $0.5 C_5 \ge 96\%$

Cells are to be charged per standard charge profile. The discharge capacity $1.0 C_5 \ge 95\%$ of each cell at respective discharge rate shall be compared with the discharge capacity at 0.2C₅

 $2.0 C_5 \ge 93\%$

 $3.0 C_5 \ge 90\%$

Discharge characteristics 60 °C ≥ 100%

(by temp.) 45 °C ≥ 100% Discharge: CC 0.2C₅, 2. 5 V cut-off 25 °C = 100% at each temperature 0.2C₅

> 0 °C ≥ 80% -10 °C ≥ 75% -20 °C ≥ 70%

Capacity retention Residual capacity ≥ 85% (room temp.) Recoverable capacity ≥ 90%

25 °C, 100%SOC, residual and recoverable capacity will be tested after 28 days at 25 °C ±2 °C

Storage temperature

Temperature

Storage characteristics

45-75%; 40-50% SOC)

(25 °C; relative humidity:

1 month: -5 to 45 °C

Charge: 0 to +45 °C

Discharge: -20 to +60 °C

3 months: -5 to 35 °C 12 months: -5 to 30 °C

Recoverable capacity ≥ 80%

Storage humidity ≤ 75%RH

No fire, no explosion

No fire, no explosion

No fire, no explosion,

and no leakage

The components of

No fire, no explosion



Environmental Safety Characteristics

Free drop After standard charge, the cell is to be dropped onto a concrete slab from 1 m

height at each anode, cathode 1 time, and cylinder 2 times, for a total of 4

drop tests.

Low pressure After standard charging, the cell is to be placed in a vacuum oven at 25±5 °C.

The inner pressure should decrease to less than 11.6 kPa and keep 6 h.

No fire, no explosion, and no leakage

Crush After standard charging, the cell is to be crushed along its longitudinal axis

parallel to two flat surfaces. The force between the two flat surfaces should be 13.0 kN ±0.78 kN. The test should be performed until the maximum force is

achieved. During the test, the cell cannot be short-circuited.

Vibration After standard charging, the cell should be attached to a vibration table and No fire, no explosion, and no leakage

tested under the following conditions: A sine wave is applied during the vibration test. The testing frequency is from 7 Hz to 200 Hz, then returns to 7 Hz with a total sweeping time of 15 min by the logarithm scanning method. The logarithm scanning method: 7–8 Hz with an acceleration of 9.8 m/s², keep amplitude of 0.8 mm to the acceleration of 78.4 m/s² (50 Hz), and then keep the acceleration of 78.4 m/s 2 to 200 Hz frequency. Direction: the cell is to be tested in three mutually-perpendicular directions to the x/y/z-axes for total of

3 h. Each direction should be repeated 12 times.

Temperature After standard charging, the cell should be placed in a constant temperature

oven. The inner temperature of the oven should be tested 10 times.

Impact After standard charging, the cell should be placed on a flat surface. A 15.8±0.2 No fire and no explosion

mm diameter bar is to be placed across the center of the cell. A 9.1±0.1 kg hammer is to be dropped on the cell from a height of 610 mm±25 mm.

Keep 6 h.

Heating After standard charging, the cell should be heated in a circulating air oven. The (130 °C/30 min)

and held for 30 min.

No fire and no temperature of the oven should be raised to 130±2 °C at a rate of 5±2 °C/min explosion

After standard charging, the cell is to be fixed on a steel mesh and heated with

a flame until the flowing situations occur: 1. explosion; 2. complete the cell or the cell as a combustion; 3. Continuous burning for 30 min. whole cannot

penetrate the aluminum mesh

Acceleration After standard charging, the cell is to be fixed on an impact table, and the test shock should be conducted under the half-sine acceleration pulse. At the first 3 ms,

the minimum average acceleration is 75 gn, the peak acceleration is 150 gn±25gn, and the test time is about 6 ms±1 ms. Every side of the cell should be

tested 3 times.

and no leakage

Note: The above information is generally descriptive only and is not intended as a guarantee or warranty. Uniross reserves the right to alter or amend the design, model and specification without prior notice.

cycling

Burning



Safety Considerations

- Stop charging the battery if charging isn't completed within the specified time.
- Don't use an unspecified charger or breach charging requirements. Charging cells under unspecified conditions may lead overcharging or abnormal chemical reactions that cause heat, smoking, rupture, or fire.
- Don't expose the cell to direct sunlight (or in a car exposed to sunlight) and keep it away from children. Seek immediate
 medical attention if the cell is swallowed or inhaled.
- Don't expose the cell to extreme hot environments, and don't dispose of it in fire or water. It is dangerous to modify or disassemble the cell, which may cause fire, heating, leakage, or explosion.
- Don't short-circuit cell positive (+) and negative (-) terminals and keep the cell away from metals and other conductive materials. Don't reverse the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals.
- Remove the cell from the device or cell charger, and stop using it immediately once an abnormal situation such as heating, gas generation, discoloration, or deformation occur.
- Don't weld the cell directly. Excessive heating may deform the cell components such as the gasket, which may lead to swelling, leakage, fire, or explosion.
- Don't use a cell that has been damaged by shipping stress, dropping, short-circuiting, or has an electrolyte smell.

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